Section 13  METER TESTING (20.6)

13.1 Routine Testing

The Cooperative shall test all watt hour meters periodically for accuracy and mechanical condition, in accordance with the Iowa Utilities Board Regulations. All meters and associated devices shall be tested within 180 days after they are removed from service. Such tests shall be made before the meters and associated devices are adjusted, repaired, returned to active service or retired.

13.11 Limits
All watt-hour meters must be accurate to within plus or minus 2% at full and light load. Demand meters shall be accurate to within 1.5%

13.12 New Meters

The Cooperative will sample test new meters to ascertain if they meet the required accuracy limits.

13.2 Request Test

Upon request by a member-consumer, the Cooperative shall test the meter servicing that member-consumer, except that such tests need not be made more frequently than once in 18 months.

A written report of the test results shall be mailed to the customer within 10 days of the completed test and a record of each test shall be kept on file at the Cooperative's office. The utility shall give the member-consumer or a representative of the member-consumer the opportunity to be present while the test is conducted.

If the test finds the meter is accurate within the limit accepted by the utility in its meter inspection and testing program, the utility may charge the customer $25 or the cost of conducting the test, whichever is less. The customer shall be advised of any potential charge before the meter is removed for testing.
13.21 Referee Tests

Upon written request by a member-consumer or the Cooperative, the Board will conduct a referee test of a meter except that such tests need not be made more frequently than once in eighteen months. The request shall be accompanied by a $30.00 check or money order made payable to the Cooperative.

Within five days of receipt of the written request and payment, the Board shall forward the deposit to the Cooperative and notify the Cooperative of the requirement for a test. The Cooperative shall, within 30 days after notification of the request, schedule the date, time and place of the test with the Board and member-consumer. The meter shall not be removed or adjusted before the test and the Cooperative shall furnish all testing equipment and facilities for the test. If the tested meter is found to be more than 2% fast or 2% slow the deposit will be returned to the party requesting the test and billing adjustments shall be made as required in subsection 13.3. The Board shall issue its report within 15 days after the test is conducted, with copy to the member-consumer and the Cooperative.

13.3 Adjustments of Bills (20.4 (14))

13.31 Meter Error

Whenever a meter creeps or whenever a metering installation is found upon any test to have an average error of more than 2% for watt hour metering; or a demand metering error of more than 1.5% in addition to the errors allowed under accuracy of demand metering; an adjustment of bills for service for the period of inaccuracy shall be made in the case of over-registration and may be made in the case of under-registration. The amount of the adjustment shall be calculated on the basis that the metering equipment should be 100% accurate with respect to the testing equipment used to make the test. For watt hour metering installations the average accuracy shall be the arithmetic average of the percent registration at 10% of rated test current and at 100% of rated test current giving the 100% of rated test current registration a weight of four and the 10% of rated test current registration a weight of one.
13.32 Determination of Adjustment

Recalculation of bills shall be on the basis of actual monthly consumption except that if service has been measured by self-contained single-phase meters or three-wire network meters and involves no billing other than for kWhs, the recalculation of bills may be based on the average monthly consumption determined from the most recent thirty-six month’s consumption data.

When average error cannot be determined by test because of failure of part or all of the metering equipment, it shall be permissible to use the registration of check metering installations, if any, or to estimate the quantity of energy consumed based on available data. The member-consumer must be advised of the failure and of the basis for the estimate of quantity billed. The periods of error shall be used as defined in immediately following Subsections A and B.

A. Over-registration. If the date when over-registration began can be determined, such date shall be the starting point for determination of the amount of the adjustment. If the date when over-registration began cannot be determined it shall be assumed that the error has existed for the shortest time period calculated as one-half the time since the meter was installed, or one-half the time elapsed since the last meter test unless otherwise ordered by the board.

The over-registration due to creep shall be calculated by timing the rate of creeping and assuming that the creeping affected the registration of the meter for 25% of the time since the more recent of either metering installation or last meter test.
B. Under-registration. If the date when under-registration began can be determined, it shall be the starting point for determination of the amount of the adjustment except that billing adjustment shall be limited to the preceding six months. If the date when under-registration began cannot be determined, it shall be assumed that the error has existed for one-half of the time elapsed since the more recent of either metering installation or the last meter test, except that billing adjustment shall be limited to the preceding six months unless otherwise ordered by the board.

The under-registration due to creep shall be calculated by timing the rate of creeping and assuming that this creeping affected the registration for 25% of the time since the more recent of either metering installation or last previous test, except that billing adjustment shall be limited to the preceding six months.

13.33 Refunds

If the recalculated bills indicate that five dollars ($5) or more is due an existing member-consumer or ten dollars ($10) or more is due a person no longer a member-consumer of the Cooperative, the Cooperative shall refund the full amount of the calculated difference between the amount paid and the recalculated amount. Refunds shall be made to the two most recent member-consumers who received service through the metering installation found to be in error. In the case of a previous member-consumer who is no longer a member-consumer of the Cooperative, a notice of the amount subject to refund shall be mailed to such previous member-consumer at the last known address, and the Cooperative shall, upon demand, within three months thereafter refund the same. Refunds shall be completed within six months following the date of the metering installation test.
13.34 Back Billing

The Cooperative may not back bill due to under-registration unless a minimum back bill amount is specified in its tariff. The minimum amount specified for back billing shall not be less than, but may be greater than, five dollars ($5) for an existing member-consumer or ten dollars ($10) for a former member-consumer. All recalculations resulting in an amount due equal to or greater than the tariff specified minimum shall result in issuance of a back bill.

Back billings shall be rendered no later than six months following the date of the metering installation test.

13.35 Overcharges

When a member-consumer has been overcharged as a result of incorrect reading of the meter, incorrect application of the price schedule, incorrect connection of the metering installation or other similar reasons, the amount of the overcharge shall be adjusted, refunded or credited to the member-consumer. The time period for which the Cooperative is required to adjust, refund, or credit the member-consumer's bill shall not exceed five years unless otherwise ordered by the board.

13.36 Undercharges

When a member-consumer has been undercharged as a result of incorrect reading of the meter, incorrect application of the price schedule, incorrect connection of the metering installation or other similar reasons, the Cooperative may bill the amount of the undercharge to the member-consumer. The time period for which the Cooperative may adjust for the undercharge need not exceed five years unless otherwise ordered by the board. The maximum bill shall not exceed the dollar amount equivalent to the tariffed rate for like charges (e.g., usage-based, fixed or service charges) in the 12 months preceding discovery of the error unless otherwise ordered by the board.

13.4 Grounds on Member-Consumer’s Premises (20.2(4) u)

Where an accidental ground is found on the member-consumer's equipment, and thereupon removed, the Cooperative will estimate,
from comparison with previous consumption, the member-consumer's normal consumption for each regular billing period during which the "ground" has been known to have existed, and will rebill the member-consumer for the estimated normal consumption for each billing period at the standard price applicable to the particular installation, plus billing for the "lost energy". The "lost energy" due to the ground is assumed to be the difference between the measured consumption for any period and the estimated normal total consumption for that period as determined above. The member-consumer will be billed for such "lost energy" at the lowest price schedule applicable to the particular installation.

No adjustments will be made for a greater period than six months immediately preceding the detection of the ground on the member-consumer's equipment, regardless of evidence that such ground existed for a longer time, and no adjustment will be made unless the Cooperative has sufficient proof that the ground has existed and that the extra amount of energy was not used in some way by the member-consumer.

13.5 Special Metering Installation

The Cooperative shall have the right, at its option and at its expense, to place special meters or instruments on the premises of a member-consumer for the purpose of special tests of all, or part of the member-consumer's load.